Responding to Petition for Separation, Cases with Children
Instructions for Packet 2C

Notice about these instructions and forms.

These instructions are not a complete statement of the law. They cover basic procedure for uncomplicated separation cases. For legal information, please talk to a lawyer or visit your local law library. Each court has local rules, programs and procedures that may not be explained in these instructions. ***Information about how to contact your local court may be found at the Oregon Judicial Department website: http://courts.oregon.gov.***

This set of forms and instructions explain how to file a response to a petition for separation. Legal separation may be for a set period of time, or may be for an unlimited duration. Even in a separation of unlimited duration, the parties still may get divorced or reconcile (live together as husband and wife), but further court proceedings may be necessary to legally change their relationship. Keep in mind that the final judgment in this case will create rights and obligations that may vest (become permanent). Generally speaking, child custody, parenting time, and support may be modified at a later date in certain situations. Property divisions usually can't be modified. You should talk to a lawyer if you have questions about these issues.

When filling out the forms, follow these directions:

- The case heading is the same as listed on the petition you were served.
- Some forms have to be notarized or signed in the presence of a court clerk. You will need your picture ID for this. Many banks provide notary services.
- Some forms say on the bottom, "I certify that this is a true copy," and provide a place to sign. Don't sign this line on the original form or on your own copy. You need to sign this line only on the copies for your spouse/partner.
- Make yourself a copy of any document you are filing with the court. File the original with the court clerk.
- Keep the court informed of your current address so you get notice of all court dates. **You are not required to use your residential address on any court form.** You may use a contact address where you regularly check in. **Your contact address will become public information.** Please make sure that you use an address that is ok for other people, including the respondent, to know. It must be an address in the state where you live where you can receive mail. If you use a contact address, the court will assume that you will receive all notices sent to that address. **Note: If you fear for your safety, you may be able to obtain a non-disclosure order.** Consult with your local court for instructions as well as the appropriate forms.

STEP 1: FILING YOUR RESPONSE

You have 30 days following the date you were served with the petition to file a written response with the court clerk and pay the filing fee. If you feel you can't afford to pay the fee, you may ask the clerk for a Motion and Affidavit for Waiver or Deferral of Filing Fee or use Packet #10. You may fill out this form and file it with the court requesting that your filing fee be waived or deferred. If the fee is waived, you don't have to pay the fee back. If the fee is deferred, most courts will require that you pay the fee at a later date.

In the response, space is provided for you to state that you disagree with certain items asked for in the petition. You may also write in items that you would like the court to order that were not included in the petition. These are called "counterclaims." If you agree with everything asked for in the petition, you are not required to file a response. The court will enter judgment based on what was asked for in the petition.

Legal Issues to Consider.

Oregon law requires a number of issues be addressed in the final separation judgment. Before you fill out your response, you should review what your spouse/partner asked for in the petition, and think about how you want to handle these issues.

Also, if you were not served with the petition in Oregon, or if you haven't lived in Oregon for a long period of time, you may be entitled to respond by objecting to service or jurisdiction. However, these are complicated legal

determinations and you should talk to an attorney about what kind of response to file if either of these situations apply to you.

Parenting Plan. A parenting plan is required for cases involving a minor child. The plan sets out the schedule and rules for each parent's time with the child. The parenting plan may include safety provisions for the child if domestic violence, substance abuse, child abuse or other circumstances are involved in your case.

A mediator can help parents create a parenting plan. Information about parenting plans may also be available through your court's parent education program, the courthouse facilitator, or your local law library. **The Oregon Judicial Department and the State Family Law Advisory Committee have created a "*Basic Parenting Plan Guide for Parents*" with information about how to develop a plan, information about alternative schedules, and ages and stages of your child/ren which should be considered in creating a plan. A sample parenting plan form is included in the *Guide*. The *Guide* may be downloaded from the OJD Family Law Website at: *http://courts.oregon.gov/familylaw*. There is also a "Safety Focused Parenting Plan Guide" on this website to help you develop a parenting plan where there are safety concerns for your children.** If the parents don't agree on a parenting plan, a judge will **order** a parenting plan for you.

Oregon law (ORS 107.159) prevents either parent from moving more than 60 additional miles away from the other parent without giving him or her and the court notice of the move. You may ask the judge to waive this requirement by checking the last box in the parenting plan section of the petition.

For information about child custody, you may call Tel-Law (1-800-452-4776) tape 902, or visit *www.osbar.org.*

Child Support. In most cases, the court will order child support if the parties have a child and no child support order already exists. The amount of support, if ordered, will be determined by the Child Support Guidelines. The Guidelines have worksheets to help you figure out who should pay support and how much it should be. **Support is typically withheld from wages unless an exception is allowed for direct deposit to the other parent's checking or savings account, or, if support enforcement services are being provided to either parent, as an "electronic payment withdrawal (EPW) or electronic funds transfer (EFT)" to a Department of Justice account.** (EPW and EFT are procedures whereby funds are automatically withdrawn from a checking/savings account as authorized by the account holder.) Information about child support, including the Guidelines and Worksheets, is on the Internet at:

http://www.dcs.state.or.us/oregon_admin_rules/guidelines.htm.

This website also has a Child Support Calculator which may help you to calculate the amount of child support which should be paid: *http://www.dcs.state.or.us/calculator*. Your local court facilitator, legal aid office or child support program **may** also be able to help you calculate the amount of support.

Cash Medical Support. In addition to cash child support, Oregon law may require the payment of cash medical support. If neither party has private health insurance for the child(ren) or if the health insurance is to be provided only by the parent that receives cash child support, the court is required to order cash medical support unless the court finds there are reasons not to order it. The purpose of cash medical support is to help defray the cost of health insurance and the cost of uninsured medical expenses. The judge cannot order you or the other party to pay cash medical support if you or the other party has a dependent child in the household who is eligible to receive public medical assistance or if you or the other party is eligible for public medical assistance yourselves. A party who makes no more than Oregon minimum wage cannot be ordered to pay cash medical support

Oregon law requires the court to make sure that payment for the child(ren)'s uninsured medical expenses are addressed in the judgment. Although you may request that each party share the out-of-pocket medical expenses that exceed $250.00 per child per year, it may not be appropriate to request both the payment of cash medical support and the sharing of uninsured medical expenses. That is because one of the purposes of cash medical support is to help pay for the cost of uninsured medical expenses.

Insurance. Oregon law requires that the judgment address the issue of health insurance for any minor child involved in your case, and for payment of uninsured medical expenses. It also must provide for security for the payment of support, such as life insurance.

Spousal Support. Oregon law provides for three different categories of spousal support: transitional, compensatory and spousal maintenance. Transitional support may be ordered for a spouse/partner to get work related education and training. Compensatory spousal support may be ordered if one party has significantly contributed to the education, training, vocational skills, career or earning capacity of the other spouse/partner. Spousal maintenance may be ordered for the support of one spouse/partner. The judge will consider a number of factors when making the award. For more information on what the judge will consider, please refer to ORS 107.105 (to view, visit your local law library or *www.leg.state.or.us/ors/*).

Property and Debts – Statutory Restraining Order. Oregon law requires both Petitioner and Respondent to obey a restraining order preventing *either party* from dissipating (selling, destroying, removing, disposing of) real or personal property, making unilateral (without the agreement of the other party) changes to insurance policies, and making extraordinary expenditures. Expenditures that are necessary for the safety or welfare of the children or the parties are not prohibited. The order is effective on both you and the petitioner once you have been served with the "*Notice of Statutory Restraining Order Preventing the Dissipation of Assets in Domestic Relations Actions*." You may request a hearing if you object to the terms of the Statutory Restraining Order (see Packet 1BC for a Request for Hearing Form). If you violate the order, you may be subject to sanctions.

Confidential Personal Information.

There is certain personal information that can only be listed in a Confidential Information Form (CIF) and may not be listed in any of the other papers you file with the court. See the CIF information sheet that is part of this packet.

Have your documents reviewed.

You may have your documents reviewed by a lawyer or a courthouse facilitator (if your court has one) before you file. For information about how to find a lawyer, call the Oregon State Bar Lawyer Referral Service. If you are low income, you may get your documents reviewed for a smaller fee through the Oregon State Bar's Modest Means program, or you may call your local Legal Aid office and in the "Local Family Law Practices and Procedures" for your court attached to these instructions.

Filing the Response.

After you have filled out the Response, make two copies. One copy is for your records, and the second copy is for your spouse/partner. **If your spouse/partner does not have an attorney,** mail your spouse's/partner's copy **to your spouse's/partner's address** and fill out the Certificate of Mailing form, **and file it with the court.** If your spouse/partner is represented by an attorney, **you must instead** mail the copy to your spouse's/partner's attorney and provide the attorney's address in the Certificate of Mailing form.

File the original Response and Certificate of Mailing form with the court clerk along with the required filing fee (unless your fee has been waived or deferred by a judge).

Parenting Classes.

Many courts require that parents of minor children go to a parent education class. If your court has this program, you will need to sign up for the class right away. Some courts will not allow you to finalize your separation until you have completed the class and filed a certificate of completion with the court.

STEP 2: RESOLVING YOUR CASE

Temporary Orders.

You may ask the court to make temporary orders. Temporary orders are in effect once signed by the judge and last until changed or until the judgment is signed by a judge or the case is dismissed. For example, either spouse/partner may ask for an order for spousal or child support, an order preventing one or both spouses/partners from getting rid of property owned by both spouses/partners, an order requiring one spouse/partner to move out of the family home or an order preventing either spouse/partner from interfering with the child/ren's regular living arrangement and schedule. To make any of these requests, you will need to file a "motion" (request) asking the court to do what you want. You may need the assistance of an attorney to file these requests.

Unless your court requires you to use a different form, you may use Packet 6B, Status Quo Order Application Packet to ask the court to order that neither parent change the child/ren's usual place of residence, change the child/ren's regular routine, or interfere with the other parent's usual contact with the child.

All courts have restraining order forms for cases involving domestic violence. A restraining order can usually be obtained within a day or two of filing if there has been abuse in the last 180 days, and if there is further danger of abuse. Check with your local court about forms and filing instructions.

Working Toward Agreement.

The court wants to help you resolve the issues that you and your spouse/partner disagree on. You may discuss these issues with your spouse/partner directly if it is safe for you to do so and if no court order prohibits this contact. You may also discuss them with your spouse's/partner's attorney. If you filed a response, and later decide that what your spouse/partner asked for in the petition is okay with you, you may fill out and file a Waiver of Further Appearance and Consent to Entry of Judgment form. The court will then enter judgment based on what was requested in the petition. Ask your local courthouse facilitator for help with this step. If you can't resolve the issues on your own, the court may provide a number of options to help you, including mediation, arbitration and custody evaluation.

Mediation. A mediator is a person trained to help people resolve disagreements. You and your spouse/partner may be required to meet with a mediator if you don't agree on a "parenting plan" (who has custody and parenting time (visitation) with the child/ren and how decisions about the child/ren will be made). There is usually no fee for mediation. If mediation has not yet been ordered in your case and you would like to request it, you may file a Request for Mediation form, see Form #6H or use your local court's form. You may ask that the mediation requirement be waived if you have a good reason by filing a Motion and Affidavit for Waiver of Mediation, see form #6I. For example, if there has been domestic violence, the court will consider a request to waive the mediation requirement.

You may also meet with a mediator to resolve the financial issues in your case. Many courts have a list of mediators qualified to mediate these cases. Check with your local court clerk to see if there is a fee for this service.

Arbitration. Some courts refer spouses/partners who disagree on how to divide their property to an arbitrator. The court may also ask the arbitrator to resolve spousal/partner support issues. An arbitrator is a lawyer who meets with both spouses/partners and their lawyers, if they are represented, and makes a decision about how the property should be divided. Both spouses/partners are required to pay for this service unless the court has specifically waived or deferred the arbitrator's fee. If either spouse/partner disagrees with the arbitrator's decision, he or she can ask the court for a trial. If s trial is not requested, the arbitrator's decision is final unless both spouses/partners agree on another resolution.

Custody/Parenting Time Evaluation. If parents can't agree on a parenting plan, sometimes the court refers the case to a custody/parenting time evaluator. After interviewing each parent and doing other research, the evaluator will make a recommendation to the court about what the parenting plan should be. The evaluator will consider factors that might affect a child's safety, such as domestic violence, substance abuse, child abuse or other circumstances. Many courts require that the parties pay for part of the evaluation.

STEP 3: FINALIZING YOUR SEPARATION

A separation is "final" the date the judgment is signed by a judge. The judgment contains all of the issues decided in mediation, arbitration, hearing or through your agreement. If both spouses/partners agree on all issues, it may be prepared by either spouse/partners as long as it is reviewed and signed by both spouses/partners. If there are still items that you don't agree on, the court will probably set a date for a "final hearing" or trial. The judge may direct one spouse/partner to prepare the judgment after the hearing. Some judges may want you to attend a "settlement conference" (a meeting between the parties to discuss settlement, usually led by a different judge than your trial judge) to help you come to agreement.

If you are responsible for filling out the judgment, make a copy for yourself and one for your spouse/partner, and file the original with the court. **If your case involves child or spousal support, file an extra copy of the proposed judgment with the court.**

You may also have to file the forms listed below, depending on your circumstances.

Parenting Class Certificate of Completion. If your local court requires parents of minor children to attend a parent education class, a certificate of completion must be filed with the court unless this requirement has been waived by order of the court.

Child Support Worksheets. If child support is ordered, child support worksheets need to be filled out and attached to the final judgment.

Parenting Plan. Your parenting plan may be completely covered in the final judgment (see page two of the judgment). If there are additional pages, please attach them.

Uniform Support Affidavit. This form is only required if you and your spouse/partner don't agree on child or spousal support. You aren't required to complete the schedules on the form, unless one spouse/partner asks for spousal support or a "deviation" (different from the amount calculated under the child support guidelines) from the child support guidelines.

Waiver of Personal Service. After the final judgment is signed, if one spouse/partner doesn't follow what it says to do, the other spouse/partner may ask the judge to enforce the judgment. The spouse/partner asking for enforcement is required to personally serve (deliver) the other spouse/partner with notice of this request. If you would like to keep your home address confidential, you may file this form listing another address for service. You are responsible for making sure you get all papers delivered to the address that you list.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF LANE

In the Matter of ☐ the Marriage of:	)	
	)	Case No. _____
_____,	)	
Petitioner,	)	RESPONSE ☐ and COUNTERCLAIM
	)	
and	)	DOMESTIC RELATIONS CASE SUBJECT TO
	)	FEE UNDER ORS 21.111
	)	
_____,	)	CLAIM ☐ SUBJECT ☐ NOT SUBJECT TO
Respondent.	)	MANDATORY ARBITRATION

1. Respondent appears and agrees with the petition for separation filed in this case, except paragraph(s):
_____
_____
_____
_____
☐ Additional page attached labeled "Paragraph 1, continued."

2. Respondent makes the following counterclaim(s):
(a) _____
_____
_____
_____

(b) _____
_____
_____
_____
☐ Additional page attached labeled "Counterclaims, continued."

3. **<u>Child Support</u>:**
☐ Social Security or apportioned Veterans' benefits are paid to or on behalf of the child[ren] in the amounts listed below as a result of my disability or retirement, and I request that child support be reduced dollar for dollar.
Child's Name: _____ Amount of Benefit received by child: $_____
Child's Name: _____ Amount of Benefit received by child: $_____
Child's Name: _____ Amount of Benefit received by child: $_____
///
///
///

☐ Survivors' and Dependents' Educational Assistance under 38 USC chapter 35 is paid to or on behalf of the child[ren] in the amounts listed below as a result of my disability or retirement, and child support must be reduced dollar for dollar.

Child's Name: _____ Amount of monthly assistance received: $_____
Child's Name: _____ Amount of monthly assistance received: $_____
Child's Name: _____ Amount of monthly assistance received: $_____

4. ***(Optional)*** **<u>Exception to Income Withholding of Child Support</u>:** Respondent requests an exception to the income withholding requirement of ORS 25.378 as follows:

☐ Allowing payment to be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT) to the Department of Justice *(this option is the only one permitted if support enforcement services are being provided to either party)*.

☐ Allowing payment to be made directly to ☐ Petitioner's ☐ Respondent's checking or savings account *(this option is allowed only if support enforcement services are not being provided to either party)*. A receipt of deposit should be kept by the parent paying support as proof of payment. The parent receiving support should provide the paying parent with current deposit slips and/or bank name, account name, and account number.

State facts in support of your request for an exception to income withholding: _____

_____

_____

5. **<u>Information Required by the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.</u>**

List the places where the minor child/ren of the parties have lived in the last five years and the names of the people they lived with at that time.

Dates	County, State	Parent(s)/Caretaker	Current Contact Address of Parent/Caretaker	Which Children

☐ Additional page attached; see section labeled "UCCJEA Information Continued."

I ☐ have ☐ have not participated in any litigation concerning the custody, visitation, parenting time or placement of the child/ren in this or any other state. I have participated in the following litigation:

Name of Court	State	Case No.	Date	Result

I do not know of any other domestic violence, custody, visitation, parenting time or placement proceeding involving the child/ren, or of any other court case which could affect this case, pending in this or any other state

☐ except for: _____

_____

(*identify court, case number and kind of proceeding*)

I do not know any person other than my spouse/partner who has physical custody of the child/ren or who claims to have custody, visitation or parenting time rights ☐ except for: _____

_____

_____

(*list name and contact address*)

Certificate of Document Preparation. You are required to truthfully complete this certificate regarding the document you are filing with the court. Check all boxes and complete all blanks that apply:

☐ I selected this document for myself and I completed it without paid assistance.

☐ I paid or will pay money to _____ for assistance in preparing this form.

STATE OF OREGON)
) ss.
County of _____)

I, _____, being duly sworn, say that I am the respondent in this matter, and that the statements in this Response are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

_____

Signature Print Name

_____

Address or Contact Address City, State, Zip Telephone or Contact Telephone

SIGNED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of _____, 20_____,

by _____.

_____

Notary Public for _____/Court Clerk
My Commission Expires: _____

I certify that this is a true copy:

_____

Respondent, Signature

Information about the Confidential Information Form (CIF)

What is a CIF?
Most court files may be viewed by the public. Uniform Trial Court Rule (UTCR) 2.130 requires certain confidential personal information to be protected from public disclosure. That is done by providing the information in a separate form. After you file your papers, the court keeps the form separate from the part of the court file that may be viewed by the public. The form is UTCR Form 2.130.1, known as the Confidential Information Form, or CIF.

What information does a CIF make confidential?
The information protected by the CIF is social security numbers, birth dates, driver license numbers, and former legal names. Also protected are the name, address, and telephone number of a party's employer.

The CIF should only be used to protect the information described above. There may be other information in your court papers that you do not want the public to be able to see, such as bank account or credit card numbers. The separate process for protecting that information is described in UTCR 2.100, which can be read at:

http://courts.oregon.gov/OJD/programs/utcr/utcrrules.page?.

How do I know when I need to put information in the CIF?
When a document filed with the court requires you to include information protected by a CIF, that information must **only** be provided to the court in a CIF and must not be listed in any other document to be filed. Where you would otherwise provide the information in the document to be filed you must make a note that the information has been provided in the CIF. For example, if a document requires a party's full social security number to be listed, you must not list the social security number, but must instead make a note on the document that the information has been filed under UTCR 2.130. **The online court forms already have that note on the form.**

Do I need to file more than one CIF?
In most cases, yes. You must fill out a CIF for yourself, and if the documents you are filing with the court require confidential personal information about the other party, you must also fill out a separate CIF with the other party's information. If your case involves children, you should include their information in *your* CIF. You do not need a separate CIF for your children.

If there is CIF information you do not know when you file your papers, or if the information changes during your case, you must file an amended CIF that provides the new or updated information.

The CIF rule requires you to redact – black out or erase – confidential personal information from any attachments to documents you file with the court and to make a note on the attachment that the information has been provided in the CIF. The only exception is when you are required to attach a court-certified document. Documents that are required to be court certified should not be altered in any way.

Does the other party get copies of a CIF I file?
You are not required to serve the CIFs on the other party, though you may share a CIF with the other party if you chose to do so. You *are* required to serve the other party with UTCR Form 2.130.2, which is a notice that a CIF has been filed. You must also file a certificate with the court showing that you served the other party with the notice that a CIF was filed.

There are steps the other party and other people can go through to ask the court to allow them access to a CIF that you have filed. UTCR 2.130 explains that process in detail, and also describes the circumstances under which the court must deny a request by someone else to view a CIF you have filed.

The CIF rule (UTCR 2.130) can be read at:
http://courts.oregon.gov/OJD/OSCA/cpsd/courtimprovement/familylaw/familylawforms.page?
and you can find additional information about the rule at:
http://courts.oregon.gov/OJD/OSCA/cpsd/courtimprovement/familylaw/familylawforms.page?

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF LANE

In the Matter of:	)	Case No.:_____
_____	)	
☐Petitioner ☐Co-Petitioner, and	)	**FAMILY LAW CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FORM (CIF)**
	)	☐ **Amended**
_____	)	
☐Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner.	)	**This document is not accessible to the public or other parties. Exceptions may apply. See UTCR 2.130.**
	)	
_____	)	
☐ Child At Least 18 But Under 21	)	

<u>ATTENTION COURT STAFF:</u> THIS IS A RESTRICTED ACCESS DOCUMENT.

The information below is about: ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner: _____

☐ Child At Least 18 But Under 21:_____

☐ Other:_____

Name (Last, First, Middle): _____

The names of the parties and the children, as well as the children's ages, are NOT confidential.

Former Legal Name (s) (if applicable):
Date of Birth:
Social Security Number:
Driver License (Number and State):
Name, Address, and Telephone Number of Employer:

Children's Names (Last, First, Middle)	Date of Birth	Social Security No.

Please attach an additional sheet if there are more than five children involved in the proceeding.

I hereby declare that the above statements are true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I understand they are made for use as evidence in court and are subject to penalty for perjury.

Date:_____ **Signature:**_____
Type or Print Name:_____

COMPLETED AND SUBMITTED BY:

☐ **Petitioner** ☐ **Respondent** ☐ **Co-Petitioner:**_____

☐ **Child who is at least 18 and under 21:**_____

☐ **Other:**_____

NOTE TO COURT STAFF: Unless ordered or authorized under UTCR 2.130, this Confidential Information Form is <u>not available</u> to the <u>opposing party or his/her attorney</u>, or to the <u>public</u>; except for the state.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF LANE

In the Matter of:	)	Case No.:_____
_____	)	
☐Petitioner ☐Co-Petitioner,	)	**NOTICE OF FILING OF**
and	)	☐ **CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FORM (CIF)**
	)	☐ **Amended CIF**
_____	)	
☐Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner.	)	
	)	
	)	
_____	)	
☐ Child At Least 18 But Under 21	)	

NOTICE: Confidential Information Form Has Been Filed

- Uniform Trial Court Rule (UTCR) 2.130 requires that parties to domestic relations cases place certain information about themselves and other parties in a CIF when such information is required in a document filed with the court.
- The CIF is not available for public inspection except as authorized by law.
- Parties are allowed to see a CIF that contains information about them.
- A party who wants to see a CIF that contains information about another party must ask for permission from the court or the other party by following the procedures set out in UTCR 2.130.

I am the (check one box):

☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner:_____

☐ Child At Least 18 But Under 21:_____

☐ Other:_____

I filed Confidential Information Forms with the court about the following parties to this case:
(complete a section for each party for whom you have filled out a CIF)

1) Name (Last, First, Middle):_____
   ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner ☐ Adult Child ☐ Other:_____

   Confidential Personal Information contained in CIF (check all that apply):

   ☐party's social security number, ☐party's date of birth, ☐children's social security number, ☐children's date(s) of birth, ☐employer's name, address, and telephone number, ☐driver license number, ☐former legal name(s).

2) Name (Last, First, Middle):_____
☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner ☐ Adult Child ☐ Other:_____

Confidential Personal Information contained in CIF (check all that apply):

☐party's social security number, ☐party's date of birth, ☐children's social security number, ☐children's date(s) of birth, ☐employer's name, address, and telephone number, ☐driver license number, ☐former legal name(s).

3) Name (Last, First, Middle):_____
☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner ☐ Adult Child ☐ Other:_____

Confidential Personal Information contained in CIF (check all that apply):

☐party's social security number, ☐party's date of birth, ☐children's social security number, ☐children's date(s) of birth, ☐employer's name, address, and telephone number, ☐driver license number, ☐former legal name(s).

4) Name (Last, First, Middle):_____
☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent ☐ Co-Petitioner ☐ Adult Child ☐ Other:_____

Confidential Personal Information contained in CIF (check all that apply):

☐party's social security number, ☐party's date of birth, ☐children's social security number, ☐children's date(s) of birth, ☐employer's name, address, and telephone number, ☐driver license number, ☐former legal name(s).

Dated this_____day of_____, 20____.

_____

Signature Print Name

_____

Contact Address City, State, Zip Contact Telephone

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF LANE

In the Matter of ☐ the Marriage of:	)	
	)	
_____,	)	Case No. _____
Petitioner,	)	
and	)	RESPONDENT'S CERTIFICATE
	)	OF MAILING
_____,	)	
Respondent.	)	

I certify that on _____, 20_____, I placed a true copy of the Response and Notice of CIF Filing in the above case in the United States Mail addressed to Petitioner at (*Petitioner's address*): _____
_____
_____

Certificate of Document Preparation. You are required to truthfully complete this certificate regarding the document you are filing with the court. Check all boxes and complete all blanks that apply:

☐ I selected this document for myself and I completed it without paid assistance.
☐ I paid or will pay money to _____ for assistance in preparing this form.

DATED this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

_____
Respondent, Signature

_____
Print Name

_____
Address or Contact Address

_____
City, State, Zip Code

_____
Telephone or Contact Telephone